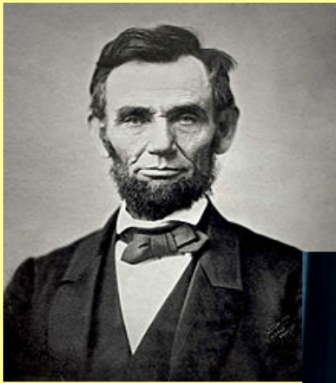


Unit 8

The Executive Branch, Qualifications, Impeachment, and Cabinet



The Executive Branch, Qualifications, Impeachment, and Cabinet - Unit 10

SSCG12 The student will analyze the various roles played by the President of the United States;

1. Chief Executive
2. Chief of State
3. Chief Diplomat
4. Chief Legislator
5. Chief Jurist
6. Chief Politician
7. Commander in Chief



47) JOURNAL ENTRY, “Role of the President”

Essential Question – *What is the Role of the President of the United States?*

- . On the Left and Right Side – Analyze this Document then complete the graphic organizer “Various Jobs of the President”. You will completely identify 5 roles of the President according to these artifacts.
- . Then go to this link [President as Chief Agenda Setter](#) and describe why this would be an Implied Power. According to the link what is the President ultimately responsible for?

Chief Executive

In this role, the President actually runs our government.

- ***He makes sure that laws are enforced***
- ***Appoints important officials***
- ***Coordinates the efforts of over 150 departments and agencies.***



Chief of State

- ***entertains foreign leaders with formal dinners***
- ***promotes worthy causes***
- ***recognizes citizens***
- ***bestows medals on military heroes***
- ***throws out the first pitch at baseball games***
- ***hosts the White House Easter Egg Roll***

In this role, the President is a symbolic leader of our country. He performs many ceremonial duties.



CHIEF DIPLOMAT

The President is the leader, initiator, and guide of our foreign policy.

He consults with leaders of foreign countries, performs ceremonial duties with foreign leaders and makes decisions for our country affecting our foreign affairs.

Some duties are:

- appoints the Ambassador to the United Nations who speaks for the United States
- negotiates treaties or agreements with other countries
- travels to other countries around the world where his words reflect the United States' position and ideas on foreign affairs

Chief Legislator

He recommends laws while advising and guiding the Congress in its lawmaking activities.

President gives his State of the Union Address to a joint session of Congress.

Even after legislation (a bill which passes both houses of Congress), the bill does not become law until the President signs it.



Chief Jurist

- ***Selects Judges for the Supreme Court***
- ***Grants pardons and reprieves.***



Chief Politician

The President is the leader of his own political party as long as he is President.

- The party helps to keep him informed on the needs of the nation and the reactions of the citizens to his programs.
- Because he is the leader of his party, the President frequently campaigns for or endorses other candidates from his own party who are running for office.



COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF

The President is head of all the military forces.

- He is responsible for raising, training, supervising, and deploying all the defense forces.
- He reviews the troops and often awards service medals.
- The President meets with military officers, as well as civilian national security advisors.

